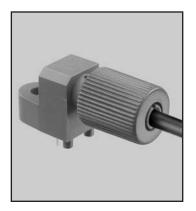
12/19/06



APPLICATIONS

- ➤ PC-to-Peripheral Data Links
- ➤ Motor Controller Triggering
- ➤ Ethernet LANs
- ➤ Medical Instruments
- ➤ Automotive Electronics
- ➤ Digitized Video and HDTV
- ➤ Sonet/SDH Transmitters
- ➤ Robotics Communications
- ➤ Isolation from Lightning and Voltage Transients

DESCRIPTION

The IF-E99 is a very high-speed red LED housed in a "connector-less" style plastic fiber optic package. The output spectrum of the IF-E99 is produced by a GaAIAs die that peaks at a wavelength of 650 nm, one of the optimal transmission windows of PMMA plastic optical fiber. The device package features an internal micro-lens, and a precision-molded PBT housing ensures efficient optical coupling with standard 1000 µm core plastic fiber cable.

Application Highlights

The fast transition times of the IF-E99 make it suitable for high-speed digital data links. Link distances in excess of 75 meters at data rates of 155 Mbps are possible using standard 1000 μ m core plastic fiber and an IF-D98 photologic detector. The wide analog bandwidth permits direct modulation at RF frequencies exceeding 100 MHz. Drive circuit design for the IF-E99 requires good RF and digital design techniques, but is much simpler than required for laser diodes, making it a good low-cost solution in a variety of high frequency POF analog and digital applications.

FEATURES

- ◆ No Optical Design Required
- ♦ Mates with Standard 1000 µm Core Jacketed Plastic Fiber Cable
- ◆ Internal Micro-lens for Efficient Coupling
- ◆ Inexpensive Plastic Connector Housing
- ◆ Connector-Less Fiber Termination and Connection
- ◆ Interference-Free Transmission from Light-Tight Housing
- ◆ Excellent Linearity
- ◆ Visible Light Output
- ◆ RoHS compliant

MAXIMUM RATINGS

t≤10 µsec.....100 mA

Characteristics $(T_A=25^{\circ}C)$

| Parameter | Symbol | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------|------|------|------|------|
| Peak Wavelength | $\lambda_{	ext{PEAK}}$ | 640 | 650 | 660 | nm |
| Spectral Bandwidth (50% of I_{MAX}) | Δλ | - | 10 | - | nm |
| Output Power Coupled into Plastic Fiber | Φ | 875 | 950 | 1050 | μW |
| (1 mm core diameter). Lens to Fiber distance \le .1 mm, 1 m SH4001 fiber, IF=20 mA | | 58 | 2 | .21 | dBm |
| Switching Times (10% to 90% and 90% to 10%) ($R_L\!\!=\!\!47\Omega,I_F\!\!=\!\!10$ mA) | t _r , t _f | - | - | 3 | ns |
| Capacitance (V _F =0, F=1 MHz) | C ₀ | - | 10 | - | pF |
| Forward Voltage (I _F =30 mA) | V _f | - | 2.05 | 2.3 | V |
| Cut off frequency | f _C | - | 100 | - | MHz |

Notes

1. A bypass capacitor $(0.1 \mu F)$ is connected to the lead at a position within 2 mm from the lead end, and a $4.7 \mu F$ capacitor is also connected nearby the power supply line.

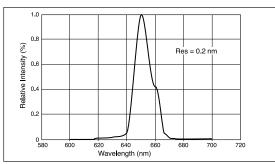


FIGURE 1. Relative intensity versus wavelength.

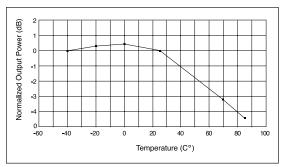


FIGURE 2. Optical Power output versus temperature (I_F=20mA)

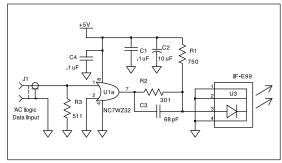
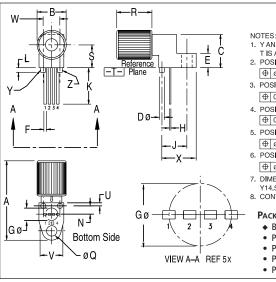


FIGURE 3. Typical interface circuit.

FIBER TERMINATION INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Cut off the ends of the optical fiber with a singleedge razor blade or sharp knife. Try to obtain a precise 90-degree angle (square).
- 2. Insert the fiber through the locking nut and into the connector until the core tip seats against the internal micro-lens.
- 3. Screw the connector locking nut down to a snug fit, locking the fiber in place.



- 1. Y AND Z ARE DATUM DIMENSIONS AND T IS A DATUM SURFACE.
- 2. POSITIONAL TOLERANCE FOR D ø (2 PL): ⊕ ø 0.25 (0.010)M T YM ZM
- 3. POSITIONAL TOLERANCE FOR F DIM (2 PL): ⊕ 0.25 (0.010) M T YM ZM
- 4. POSITIONAL TOLERANCE FOR H DIM (2 PL): ⊕ 0.25 (0.010) M T YM ZM
- 5. POSITIONAL TOLERANCE FOR Q Ø (2 PL): ⊕ ø 0.25 (0.010)M T YM ZM
- 6. POSITIONAL TOLERANCE FOR B (2 PL): ⊕ ø 0.25 (0.010)M T
- 7. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.
- 8. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCH

PACKAGE IDENTIFICATION:

- ◆ Blue housing w/ gold dot
- PIN 1. Cathode
- PIN 2. Cathode
- PIN 3. Anode
- PIN 4. Cathode

| | MILLIMETERS | | INCHES | | |
|-----|-------------|-------|----------|------|--|
| ΣIΜ | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | |
| Α | 23.24 | 25.27 | .915 | .995 | |
| В | 8.64 | 9.14 | .340 | .360 | |
| С | 9.91 | 10.41 | .390 | .410 | |
| D | 1.52 | 1.63 | .060 | .064 | |
| Е | 4.19 | 4.70 | .165 | .185 | |
| F | 0.35 | 0.51 | .014 | .020 | |
| G | 3.81 BSC | | .150 BSC | | |
| Н | 0.18 | 0.33 | .007 | .013 | |
| J | 7.62 BSC | | .300 BSC | | |
| K | 5.30 | 6.10 | .210 | .240 | |
| L | 1.14 | 1.65 | .045 | .065 | |
| Ν | 2.54 BSC | | .100 BSC | | |
| Q | 3.05 | 3.30 | .120 | .130 | |
| R | 10.48 | 10.99 | .413 | .433 | |
| S | 6.98 BSC | | .275 BSC | | |
| U | 0.83 | 1.06 | .032 | .042 | |
| ٧ | 7.49 | 7.75 | .295 | .305 | |
| W | 5.08 | BSC | .200 BSC | | |
| Χ | 10.10 | 10.68 | .397 | .427 | |

FIGURE 4. Case outline.